

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

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# Simplex 500 SC

Herbicide

**ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L SIMAZINE**

**GROUP C HERBICIDE**

**For the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in orchards, vineyards, chickpeas, faba beans, lupins, non-crop areas and other crops and for use in triazine tolerant canola as per the Directions for Use table.**

**IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING**



**Distributed by:** Amgrow Pty Ltd ABN 81 100 684 786

Unit B2A, 3-29 Birnie Avenue, Lidcombe NSW 2141 • TELEPHONE: 1800 631 008

CONTENTS

**20 Litres**

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	PER 100 L	
Chickpeas	Deadnettle, Indian Hedge Mustard, Lesser Swinecress, Milk Thistle, Prickly Lettuce, Purple Goosefoot, Shepherd's Purse, Turnip Weed, Wireweed Suppression of: Black Bindweed	Qld, NSW, SA only	1.5 L plus 1.5 L flowable prometryn (500 g/L)	–	Apply immediately post-planting. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively clodded soil. Best results are obtained if 20-30 mm rain is received within 2-3 weeks of sowing.
Faba Beans	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (Sheep Weed), Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Mustards, Soursob, Wireweed Suppression of: Wild Oats	SA only	2 to 2.5 L	–	Apply either pre-seeding or immediately post-sowing which is preferred on light soils. Sow the crop at least 5 cm deep. Use the lower rate on light soils and the higher rate on heavier soils. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Best results are obtained if 20-30 mm rain is received within 2-3 weeks of sowing.
			1 to 1.5 L plus 1 L of trifluralin (400 g/L)	–	Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. This mixture should be used where Wild Oats and Annual Ryegrass are a problem. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Best results are obtained if 20-30 mm rain is received within 2-3 weeks of application.
Lupins	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Capeweed, Corn Cromwell (Sheep Weed), Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Turnip Weed, Wild Turnip, Winter Grass Suppression of: Brome Grass, Soursob, Wild Oats	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA only	Light Soils: 1.5 to 2 L Loam Soils: 2.5 to 4 L	–	May be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing pre-emergent (preferably incorporated by harrows). Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Best results are obtained if application is made to bare moist soil and when 20-30 mm rain is received within 2-3 weeks of application to wet the soil to the weed root zone. Results may be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seed bed. Heavy, intense rainfall following application may cause crop damage. Apply 50 to 100 L spray per ha. Where Wild Oats or Annual Ryegrass are a problem tank mix with 1 L/ha trifluralin (400 g/L). Incorporate the tank mixture to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporate within 4 hours of application.

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	PER 100 L	
Lupins – where no weeds are present at time of sowing	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustards, Radish, Self-Sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip Suppression of: Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	Light Soils: 1 to 2 L Gravelly Loam Soils: 2 to 3 L	–	Application should not be made to ridged or excessively clodded soil. Best results are obtained if application is made to bare moist soil either immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergent treatment at or within 7 days of planting. 20-30 mm rain is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application to wet the soil to the weed root zone. Results may be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seed bed. When applied before seeding, incorporation by the sowing operation should not be greater than 5 cm. DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands. On yellow sands use 1 to 1.5 L/ha. On other types use 2 L/ha.
			1 to 2 L plus 1.5 L trifluralin (400 g/L)	–	Use only as a pre-emergent application only. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively clodded soil. Best results are obtained if the tank mix is applied to bare moist soil and incorporated to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. 20-30 mm rain is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application to wet the soil to the weed root zone. Results may be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seed bed. Use this tank mixture where Wild Oats and Annual Ryegrass are a major problem. DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands. On yellow sands use 1 to 1.5 L/ha. On other types use 2 L/ha. Use 2 L/ha where Brome Grass is a problem.
Lupins – where weeds are present at time of sowing	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustards, Radish, Self-Sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip Suppression of: Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	1 to 1.5 L plus a knockdown herbicide at its recommended label rate	–	Best results are obtained if application is made to bare moist soil 1 to 6 days prior to sowing where the crop will be sown under a conservation tillage system. 20-30 mm rain is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application to wet the soil to the weed root zone. Results may be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seed bed. Use the lower rate if weeds have been emerged for more than 2 weeks and the higher rate where weeds have been emerged for less than 2 weeks. DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands.
Lupins – post-emergent Top up application following the pre-emergent application of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustards, Radish, Self-Sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip Suppression of: Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	750 mL to 2 L	–	To be used in addition to the pre-emergent application of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide but not meant to be an alternative to pre-emergent application. Apply to moist soil. Use 750 mL to 1 L/ha within 4 weeks of sowing. DO NOT apply if crop is showing signs of damage from the pre-emergent application of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide.

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	PER 100 L	
Sub Clover – established lucerne and perennial grass pastures	Rat's Tail Fescue, Vulpia (Silver Grass)	WA only	750 mL to 1 L	–	Apply within 8 weeks of emergence of sub-clover and grasses. If soil moisture is good, control of other grasses and some broadleaf weeds may be achieved. Ensure a good stand of sub-clover is present before spraying. Use the lower rate on lighter textured soils. DO NOT apply any herbicides for broadleaf weed control for 3 weeks after application of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide. DO NOT tank mix with other herbicides, crop oils or wetting agents. DO NOT use on medics or white or red clover. DO NOT overlap while spraying as crop damage may occur.
	Rat's Tail Fescue, Squirrel Tail Fescue, Sand Fescue, Vulpia (Silver Grass)	NSW, Vic, SA only	1 to 1.6 L	–	Apply 6-10 weeks after emergence of the pasture, but not before the 3rd trifoliolate leaf stage of sub-clover. Best results are obtained if product is applied to young, well grazed, actively growing plants. Some plant damage may occur especially at the higher rates. Apply when the soil is moist and rain follows application. DO NOT apply to sandy soils and use the lower rates on light soils. DO NOT apply to stressed plants or to plants damaged by insects. If plants have been damaged by insects, apply a suitable insecticide and allow plants to recover before applying the product. DO NOT apply any herbicides for broadleaf weed control for 3 weeks after application.
Sub Clover – established lucerne and perennial grass pastures	Rat's Tail Fescue, Squirrel Tail Fescue, Sand Fescue, Vulpia (Silver Grass)	NSW, Vic only	1 to 1.5 L plus 125 to 200 mL paraquat (200 g/L)	–	Apply 6-10 weeks after emergence of the pasture, but not before the 3rd trifoliolate leaf stage of sub-clover. Best results are obtained if product is apply to young, well grazed, actively growing plants. Apply when the soil is moist. Rain following application will enhance results. The addition of paraquat can improve the control of well establish plants. Add a non-ionic surfactant at 0.2% (v/v) (200 mL/100 L). If soil moisture is good, control of other grasses and broadleaf weeds may be achieved. DO NOT apply to sandy soils and use the lower rates on light soils. DO NOT apply to stressed plants or to plants damaged by insects. If plants have been damaged by insects, apply a suitable insecticide and allow plants to recover before applying the product. DO NOT apply any herbicides for broadleaf weed control for 3 weeks after application.
		SA only	750 mL to 1 L plus 125 to 200 mL paraquat (200 g/L)		

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
			RATE PER HECTARE		
Canola – (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Pre-emergence or post-sowing pre-emergence only	Capeweed, Charlock, Clover, Corn Gromwell, Doublegee, Fumitories, Geraniums, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, London Rocket, Mustards, Turnips, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Silver Grass (Vulpia) Suppression of: Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Wild Oats, Wild Radish	All States	2 to 4 Litres		<b>This use is subject to an <i>Integrated Weed Management Strategy</i> for the use of triazine herbicides in triazine tolerant canola. See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola.</b> Can be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing pre-emergence (ideally incorporated by harrows). For best results apply to bare moist soil, either immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergence treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. When applied before seeding, incorporate to a depth of 5 cm.
			RATE		
			PER HECTARE	PER 100 L	
Almonds – established for at least 3 years	Annual Ryegrass, Annual Thistles, Barley Grass, Bindy-eye, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Common Sowthistle, Creeping Oxalis, Fathen, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Nettles, Potato Weed, Powell's Amaranth, Red Root Amaranth,	SA only	1.7 to 3.5 L	110 to 220 mL	Apply to bare moist soil immediately after cultivation before weed emergence. Lower rates (990 mL to 1.7 L/ha) can be used in combination with other pre-emergence herbicides to improve broadleaf weed control.
		Qld only	7 L	–	Use the higher rate on heavier soils. Apply to bare moist soil.
Apples and Pears		NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	3.2 to 4.5 L	160 to 220 mL	
Asparagus	Redshank, Shepherd's Purse, Slim Amaranth, Turnips (not NSW), Wild Mustard, Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (not Tas) Suppression of: Soursob	All States	2.3 to 4.5 L	–	Use the higher rates on heavy soil and for control of Wild Oats. Apply to bare moist soil after last cultivation and before spear emergence.
Berry Fruits – established at least 12 months – Currants, Loganberries, Raspberries			2.3 to 4.5 L	–	Apply to established plants to bare moist soil. DO NOT apply to foliage or when fruit is present. Use the higher rate to control Wild Oats.
				110 to 220 mL	Apply to bare moist soil immediately after cultivation before weed emergence.
Citrus – established for at least 12 months			2.2 L	110 mL per 500 sq m	Apply to bare moist soil after planting. High rates may cause crop damage to sandy soils low in organic matter.
Gladioli			2.3 to 4.5 L	–	Apply in late Winter to bare moist soil before hop emergence. Hops should be covered by at least 50 mm of soil.
Hops					

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	PER 100 L	
Roses – established at least 12 months	Annual Ryegrass, Annual Thistles, Barley Grass, Bindy-eye, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Common Sowthistle,	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	2.3 to 4.5 L	110 to 220 mL	Use the higher rate on heavier soils. Apply to bare moist soil.
Vines – established at least 3 years	Creeping Oxalis, Fathen, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Nettles, Potato Weed, Powell's Amaranth, Red Root Amaranth,	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	2.3 to 4.5 L	110 to 220 mL	Use the lower rate on sandy alkaline soils.
		Qld only	7 L	–	
Non-Agricultural Areas eg. Footpaths, Factory Sites, Road Shoulders, Headlands, Railway Tracks, Public Utilities, Aerodromes, Fence Lines, etc.	Redshank, Shepherd's Purse, Slim Amaranth, Turnips (not NSW), Wild Mustard, Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (not Tas) Suppression of: Soursob	All States	8.8 L	800 mL	This rate gives maintenance control only. Apply to bare, moist soil prior to the rainy season to ensure the herbicide is moved into the soil.
			18 to 44 L	1.8 to 4.4 L	This rate gives long term residual control in Winter rainfall areas. Apply to bare, moist soil prior to the rainy season to ensure the herbicide is moved into the soil.
			44 to 88 L	4.4 to 8.8 L	This rate gives long term residual control in Summer rainfall areas. Apply to bare, moist soil prior to the rainy season to ensure the herbicide is moved into the soil.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

**WITHHOLDING PERIOD:**

**SUB-CLOVER: DO NOT GRAZE FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.**

**DO NOT CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 21 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.**

**CHICKPEAS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 9 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.**

**CANOLA: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 15 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.**

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is a pre-emergent and herbicide which selectively controls certain annual and perennial weeds in the situations as listed in the directions for use table. It can also be used to control weeds in Triazine Tolerant Canola varieties. Established perennial species will not be controlled at the rates recommended. Duration and effectiveness of control depends on the amount of chemical applied, soil type, rainfall, weed species and other conditions. Best results are achieved if the product is applied to bare moist soil. Since the product mainly enters weeds through root absorption, sufficient moisture (either rainfall or irrigation) is required to move the product into the root zone of weeds to make the product effective.

## MIXING

Stir the product or invert the container prior to the use in a case settling has occurred in storage. Partially fill the spray tank with water and maintain agitation while adding the required quantity of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide. Agitation should continue after filling and during spraying. If spray is allowed to stand, agitate thoroughly before resuming spraying.

## INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR TT CANOLA

The use of this product in TT Canola is subject to an Integrated Weed Management Strategy for the use of triazine herbicides in TT Canola. The strategy encompasses:

- Integrated Weed Management;
- The specific management of crop plant volunteers and outcrossing to other plants; and
- Triazine herbicide residue management (agronomic and environment).

Compliance with registered label directions and adoption of the principles outlined in the Strategy will assist with implementation of crop management practices that minimise the development of herbicide resistance in treated weeds; reduce the levels of triazine residues in the environment, and manage volunteer plants and outcrossing.

Copies of the Strategy are available from AMGROW representative or by contacting Amgrow Pty Ltd on 1800 631 008.

Where specific information and farm management assessment is required to assist with application of Integrated Weed Management programs on-farm, particularly in adapting strategies to local conditions, then specific expert advice should be obtained from an appropriate agronomist, consultant, chemical supplier or Departmental adviser.

To minimise herbicide resistance:

- Avoid dry sowing in heavily weed infested paddocks. Wait for a weed germination after the opening rains in weedy paddocks. Use a pre-plant knockdown or cultivation. No weeds should be allowed to survive at this stage.
- Adapt the weed control program to the anticipated weed spectrum and pressure:  
Broadleaf Weeds and Ryegrass: Use Simplex 500 SC Herbicide or Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide plus trifluralin pre-emergence. A follow-up with a Group A herbicide (if Ryegrass is susceptible) or Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide may be necessary.

Broadleaf Weeds only: Use Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide post-emergence.

- DO NOT use Simplex 500 SC Herbicide or Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide if the area to be treated had a triazine herbicide applied to it last season.
- Watch for escapes, especially in paddocks with a long history of Group C herbicide use.
- DO NOT use Group C herbicides in consecutive years.

## RESISTANT WEEDS REPORTING

Growers should collect plant or seed samples where weeds that are normally susceptible to atrazine and simazine may be resistant, get them tested and seek professional advice.

To avoid Triazine carry-over:

On acid soils (pH less than 6.5) – The maximum rate of use Simplex 500 SC Herbicide or Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 4 L/ha.

On alkaline soils (pH greater than 6.5) – The maximum rate of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide or Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide or a combination of the two products applied to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 2 L/ha.

Post-emergence use – It is recommended that Atrazine (500 g/L) Flowable Herbicide only be used, and at rates of 2 L/ha or less, on both acid or alkaline soils.

## COMPATIBILITY

This product is compatible with amitrole and diuron flowable.

It may also be mixed with glyphosate, paraquat, diquat or paraquat/diquat mixtures provided the mixture is agitated vigorously. When mixing with glyphosate add crystalline ammonium sulphate 2 kg/100 L to avoid antagonism.

Avoid mixing in extremely cold weather (2-50 C). The use of a buffering agent is recommended when mixing with alkaline water (pH-8-12).

## TT CANOLA: APPLICATION

DO NOT apply to TT Canola by aircraft. Apply only with a low volume boom sprayer with a 60 m buffer zone downwind of treated fields to natural or impounded lakes or dams, and a 20 m buffer zone for any sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream. Apply only to areas where run-off is unlikely to occur or where run-off may be captured by farm earthworks.

## APPLICATION

Apply in a minimum of 50 L/ha (WA); 100 L/ha (Qld, NSW, Vic, SA); 200 L (Tas). Higher water volumes are preferred to increase the evenness and accuracy of application.

## RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

Simplex 500 SC Herbicide is a member of the triazines group of herbicides. Simplex 500 SC Herbicide has the inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management Simplex 500 SC Herbicide is a Group C Herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Simplex 500 SC Herbicide and other Group C herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Simplex 500 SC Herbicide or any other Group C herbicide.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Amgrow Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Simplex 500 SC Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

## RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until spray has dried.

## PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT apply within 60 m of natural or impounded lakes or dams. DO NOT use in channels or drains where roots of desirable plants may extend. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algae and aquatic macrophytes.

## PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drift on to nearby susceptible plants, crops, pastures or croplands. DO NOT use in channels or drains. DO NOT apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. DO NOT spray foliage of desirable plants. DO NOT apply high rates of application to heavier soils if roots of desirable shrubs and trees are near the surface. DO NOT use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals or species with shallow roots. When spraying at high rates for total weed control do not spray beds where desirable annual plants are to be grown. Crops such as lettuce, cabbage, tomatoes, cucumber, carrots and red beet are particularly sensitive to Simazine residues. DO NOT plant crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 9 months following application of this product up to 4.5 L/ha. When application rates exceed 4.5 L/ha, planting may not be possible for long periods of time. DO NOT make more than two applications in any one year in asparagus, berry fruit, citrus, almonds, gladioli, hops, lupins, roses, apples, pears or vineyards. Heavy rain following application prior to emergence may cause damage to chickpeas.

**GROUP C HERBICIDE**

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Store in the closed, original container in a well-ventilated area, as cool as possible out of direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

## FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) which can be obtained from the supplier.

**CONDITIONS OF SALE:** Amgrow Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Amgrow's skill or judgement in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Amgrow has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.

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APVMA Approval No.: 68981/59560





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# Simplex 500 SC

Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L SIMAZINE

GROUP **C** HERBICIDE

For the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in orchards, vineyards, chickpeas, faba beans, lupins, non-crop areas and other crops and for use in triazine tolerant canola as per the Directions for Use table.

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 **Amgrow**

Distributed by: Amgrow Pty Ltd ABN 81 100 684 786  
Unit B2A, 3-29 Birnie Avenue, Lidcombe NSW 2141 • TELEPHONE: 1800 631 008

CONTENTS

**20 Litres**

GLUE AREA

GLUE AREA



# Simplex 500 SC

Herbicide

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**IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY DIAL 000**  
• **POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE** •



Batch Number

Date of Manufacture