

# **Impact XP**

Swancorp

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

Chemwatch: **27-3972** Version No: **3.1.1.1** 

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: 22/06/2015 Print Date: 23/06/2015 Initial Date: Not Available

L.GHS.AUS.EN

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Impact XP
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Line marking paint.

## Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	Swancorp	
Address	123 Boundary Road Rocklea 4106 QLD Australia	
Telephone	7 3276 7422	
Fax	+61 7 3276 8622	
Website	Not Available	
Email	Not Available	

# Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	+800 2436 2255 (24hrs, NZ)
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

## NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

## CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max i	
Flammability	0		
Toxicity	0		0 = Minimum
Body Contact	0		1 = Low 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme
Reactivity	0		
Chronic	0		

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
GHS Classification	Not Applicable

#### Label elements

GHS label elements	Not Applicable
	NOT APPLICABLE

# Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Precautionary statement(s) Response

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#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

## **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
	Not Spec	pigment non-hazardous
	Not Spec	emulsifier non-hazardous
7732-18-5	Not Spec	water

## **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact  If this product comes in contact with eyes:  ▶ Wash out immediately with water.  ▶ If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  ▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.	
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically

## **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- ► Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.

## Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

Fire Fighting

Fire/Explosion Hazard

## Advice for firefighters

		► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard
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Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

► DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.

▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.

If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
 Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use

► The material is not readily combustible under normal conditions.

▶ However, it will break down under fire conditions and the organic component may burn.

Not considered to be a significant fire risk.
 Heat may cause expansion or decomposition with violent rupture of containers.

▶ Decomposes on heating and may produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

► May emit acrid smoke.

Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of; carbon dioxide (CO2)

## **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Slippery when spilt

Clean up all spills immediately.

Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

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- ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.
- Wipe up.
- Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.

## Slippery when spilt.

#### Minor hazard.

- Clear area of personnel.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required. Major Spills
  - Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.
  - Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
  - Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
  - Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite and place in appropriate containers for disposal.
  - Wash area and prevent runoff into drains or waterways

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

#### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

- Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Safe handling
- When handling **DO NOT** eat, drink or smoke ▶ Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Use good occupational work practice.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this MSDS.
- Other information
- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area.
- DO NOT allow to freeze
- Store away from incompatible materials. Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this MSDS.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- ► Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- Packing as recommended by manufacturer Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
- Storage incompatibility None known

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES Not Available

## **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

## **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Impact XP	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
water	Not Available	Not Available

## MATERIAL DATA

None assigned.

#### **Exposure controls**

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.

Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection

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#### Personal protection Safety glasses with side shields; or as required, Chemical goggles Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of Eye and face protection chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent] Skin protection See Hand protection below Hands/feet protection Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. **Body protection** See Other protection below No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Other protection Overalls. Barrier cream. Eyewash unit. Thermal hazards Not Available

#### Recommended material(s)

#### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

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Material	СРІ
BUTYL	Α
NEOPRENE	Α
VITON	A
NATURAL RUBBER	С
PVA	С

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final

selection must be based on detailed observation. -

be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

## Respiratory protection

Not Available

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties White semi-viscous liquid with emulsion paint odour; mixes with water. Appearance Physical state Liquid Relative density (Water = 1) 1.23-1.50 Partition coefficient Odour Not Available Not Available n-octanol / water Auto-ignition temperature Odour threshold Not Available Not Available (°C) Decomposition pH (as supplied) Not Available Not Available temperature Melting point / freezing Not Available Viscosity (cSt) Not Available point (°C) Initial boiling point and ~100 Molecular weight (g/mol) Not Applicable boiling range (°C) Flash point (°C) >300 (PMCC) Not Available **Evaporation rate** Not Available **Explosive properties** Not Available Flammability Not Applicable Oxidising properties Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Not Available mN/m) Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Gas group Not Available

<sup>\*</sup> Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as

<sup>&</sup>quot;feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise

Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

## **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).  Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.		
Ingestion	animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the highlight damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substa	cation systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating ealth of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, nces are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing uce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant	
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).  Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.		
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
Impact XP	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
water	Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Not Available	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute to extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substance	xicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's msds. Unless otherwise specified data s	
Impact XP	Not available.		
	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	$\Diamond$	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

✓ – Data required to make classification available

Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
 Data Not Available to make classification

## CMR STATUS

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Toxicity

# NOT AVAILABLE

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration	Effect	Value	Species	BCF
water	Not Available					

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#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
water	LOW	LOW

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

#### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ► Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

## **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Labels Required**

<del>-</del>	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

## **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

water(7732-18-5) is found

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

on the following regulatory	"Not Applicable"
National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Υ
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Υ
Japan - ENCS	N (water)
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

## **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

# Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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